

Plants of the Caloosa Experimental Range

by

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The vegetation of southern Florida is poorly described in the literature, and the taxonomy and ecology of the pine-wiregrass type especially has been neglected by plant scientists. These deficiencies in plant knowledge were a serious obstacle when research commenced in 1956 on problems of grazing cutover pine flatwoods at the Caloosa Experimental Range. 

Since then, plant collection and identification has been a high priority project. This paper presents a checklist of 189 vascular plants identified over the past 8 years, with a brief introduction to their habitat, abundance, and forage value.

#### ECOLOGICAL TYPES

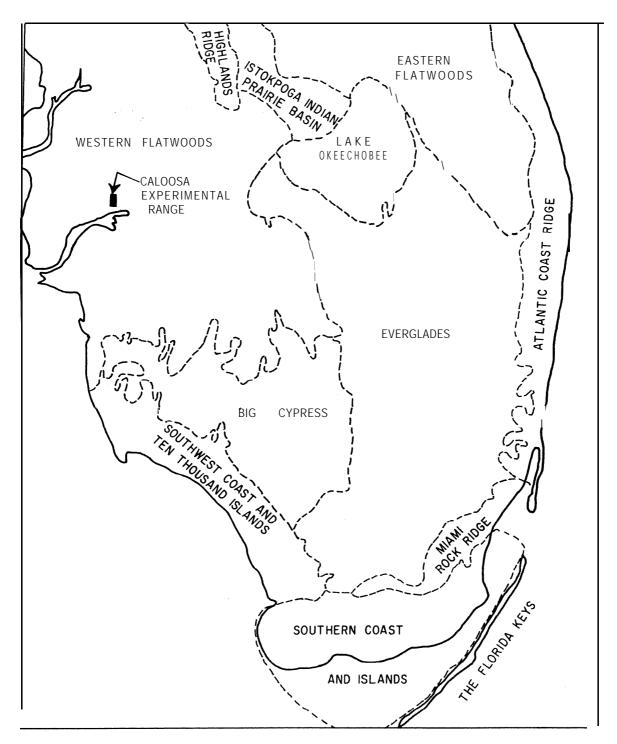
As shown in figure 1, the pine flatwoods of southern Florida are split into an eastern region and a western region by the Sand Ridge Scrub-Istokpoga Prairie Basin on the north, Lake Okeechobee and the Everglades on the south. 2/ The 1600-acre Caloosa Experimental Range in southcentral Charlotte County lies in the western flatwoods region. Three ecological types occur on the Range. In order of increasing flooding during the summer rainy season, these types are:

- 1. Slash pine-saw palmetto flatwoods forest ('75 percent of the area). South Florida slash pine 3/2 occurs as scattered individuals or strands of trees. Numerous pine stumps indicate a well stocked stand of trees existed prior to the 1940's, when the area was heavily cutover. Natural regeneration has been sparse and has occurred primarily along wet prairies or ponds. Saw-palmettoes, mostly less than 3 feet tall, are the prevailing vegetation (fig. 2); and pineland threeawn, the common "wiregrass," is the predominant herb (fig. 3).
- 2. Wet prairie (10 percent of the area). This type is transition be tween the pine-palmetto and the fresh-water marsh, and herbaceous plants predominate here (figures 4 and 5). Pineland threeawn, bluejoint panicum, erect panicum, beakrushes, and razorsedges are common species.

<sup>1/</sup> Maintained in Charlotte County, Florida, by the Southeastern Forest Experiment Station, Forest Service, USDA, in cooperation with Babcock Florida Company and Florida Board of Forestry.

<sup>2/</sup> Davis, John H. The natural features of southern Florida. Fla. State Geol. Survey Bul. 25, 311 pp. 1943.

<sup>3/</sup> Scientific names and authorities are presented in a checklist, pp. 11-24.



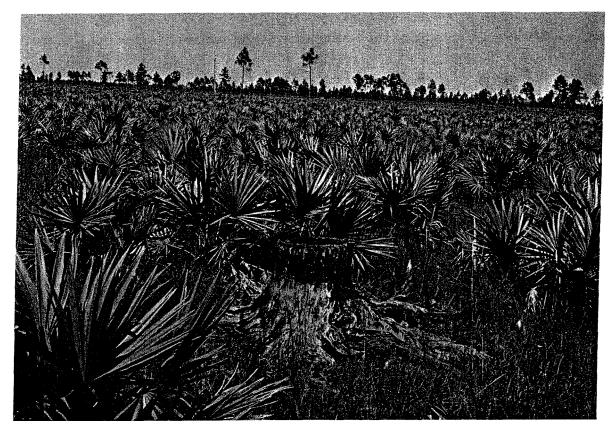


Figure 2.-- Saw-palmetto is the prevailing vegetation in the cutover pine-palmetto type.



Figure 3.--Pineland threeawn (in head) is the predominant herb in the pine-palmetto type. The primary associate on this site is goobergrass.



Figure 4.-- Abrupt transition from pine-palmetto, left, to wet prairie, right.



Figure 5.-- Gradual transition from pine-palmetto (background) to wet prairie (foreground).

3. Fresh-water marsh, or pond (15 percent of the area). Ponds are dispersed along natural drainageways throughout the pine -palmetto type. Most are circular depressions with a center of pickerelweed (Pontederia lanceolata), common arrowhead (Sagittaria lancifolia), and some open water (fig. 6).

Rings of vegetation around these centers are dominated by herbs (blue joint panicum, longleaf threeawn, striped beakrush) or the sandbush St. Johnswort. Colonies of maidencane, a nutritious forage plant, occur in some ponds. Cabbage palmetto grows on the drier borders of many ponds or in the edge of the pine-palmetto type (fig. 7).



Figure 6.--Open water of a fresh-water marsh occupied by scattered pickerelweed, a species of Xyris (foreground), and floating heart.



Figure 7.-- Open water of fresh-water marsh occupied by maidencane (foreground) and longleaf threeawn. Shrubs in the next drier zone are southern waxmyrtle and sandbush St. Johnswort. Cabbage palmettoes occupy the abrupt transition from marsh to pine- palmetto.

## TOPOGRAPHY, SOILS, AND CLIMATE

Changes in sea level during the Ice Age (Pleistocene Epoch) caused most of the topographic features on the Caloosa. The marine sands left by the Talbot seas of the Sangamon interglacial stage were basic to formation of the sandy soils. Three main terraces are recognized in south Florida. Ranked by age, with the most recent first, they are: (1) the Pamlico, from sea level to 25 feet; (2) the Talbot, from 25 feet to 42 feet; and (3) the Penholoway, from 42 feet to 70 feet. 4 There is no sharp escarpment between the Pamlico and Talbot sands. Elevations on the Caloosa vary from 27 to 30 feet.

Natural drainage is to the south and southeast into tributaries of the Caloosahatchee River. Streams have not cut sufficiently deep into the Talbot plain to provide thorough drainage. The ponds and wet prairies, underlain by calcareous materials which retard subsurface drainage, persist as distinct topographic features. Shallow canals, probably dug during the early 1940's, connect ponds by way of wet prairies and enhance surface drainage somewhat. However, water stands in the deeper ponds year-round, and considerable portions of the pine-palmetto type may be flooded during the rainy season. Records of surface water cover during early October 1956, near the culmination of the rainy season, indicated the following flooding conditions:

Surface water depth	Area
(Inches)	(Percent)
5.1 or more	15
1.1 to 5.0	18
0.1 to 1.0	13
None	54

<u>soils.</u> --Soils are fine sands. **5**/ Three main groups include the four most extensive series (Adamsville, Leon, Keri, and Charlotte) and three minor series (Pompano, Immokalee, and Felda):

- 1. Imperfectly drained acid soils with organic-stained pan (Leon and Immokalee fine sands).
- 2. Imperfectly drained shallow soils over calcareous materials (Adamsville and Keri fine sands).
- 3. Poorly drained shallow soils over calcareous materials (Pompano, Felda, and Charlotte fine sands).

Leon and Adamsville fine sands are the predominant series on the Range; each of these composes about 25 percent of the surface area. Soils commonly associated with the ecological types defined earlier are:

Ecological type	Soil series
pine -palmetto	Leon, Adamsville, Keri, Immokalee
wet prairie	Charlotte
fresh-water marsh	Pompano (ponded), Felda (margins)

All the fine sands have low base exchange capacity; and most, even those underlain by calcareous materials, are acid near the surface. Soil pH in the surface 6 inches commonly ranges between 4.2 and 4.6.

<sup>5/</sup> Soil surveys, courtesy Soil Conservation Service, USDA.

Climate. --Mean monthly temperatures vary from  $64.5^\circ$  F. in January to  $82.7^\circ$  F. in August, with an annual mean of  $73.7^\circ$  F. (U. S. Weather Bureau, Fort Myers, Fla. ). On the Caloosa, maximum temperature rarely exceeds  $95^\circ$  F., and the minimum recorded in 7 years was  $23^\circ$  F. in December 1962.

Average annual precipitation at Fort Myers is 53.3 inches; 64 percent of this total falls in the June to September rainy season. Monthly precipitation from November through April averages only 1.8 inches, and a pronounced drought often develops in the late winter or spring, During the period 1957-1963, annual precipitation on the Caloosa averaged 61 inches. The rainy summer-droughty winter pattern persisted, but extreme variability characterized the monthly totals. During the 7 -year period, total monthly precipitation ranged from 0.28 to 3.75 inches in December, and from 4.42 to 16.09 inches in July.

#### PLANT OCCURRENCE AND FORAGE VALUE

Production, utilization, and composition of herbage were inventoried at least five times each year on more than 400 circular plots, each 9.6 square feet, as a part of a study of range plant response to varying intensities of use by cattle. The estimates of plant occurrence and forage value in the checklist are from data taken on these plots.

Plant occurrence categories are defined as follows:

Abundant--species which occurred on 50 percent or more plots.

<u>Common</u>--species which occurred on 5 to 50 percent of the plots.

<u>Infrequent</u> --species which occurred on less than 5 percent of the plots.

Rare--species which occurred at only one or two locations on the Range, seldom if ever in herbage samples.

Only 10 species occurred on 50 percent or more of the plots, namely, pineland threeawn, bottlebrush threeawn, yellowsedge bluestem, goobergrass, little panicum, common beakrush, thread beakrush, little razorsedge, sundew, and saw-palmetto. Six of the nine abundant herbaceous species are typical "wiregrasses."

Pineland threeawn, which occurred on 99 percent of the sample plots in the pine-palmetto and wet prairie types, was the most frequent species. On a weight basis, pineland threeawn contributed 32 to 53 per-

cent of total herbage weight 3 months after a fire in 90-acre experimental units. On one single-acre tract, this wiregrass contributed 75 percent of total herbage weight. G Sundew and little panicum are low in stature, and consequently contributed little to total herbage weight. Saw-palmetto, which occurred on slightly more than half of the plots, was the most frequent shrub.

Forage value to cattle is indicated by one of four categories:

Good--species preferred or selected by cattle, constituting a major proportion of cattle diet.

Fair-species consumed as a regular part of the diet of cattle, but not contributing a major part because of low palatability or infrequent occurrence.

<u>Poor</u> --species grazed infrequently or during periods when more palatable forage was lacking.

None --species not grazed, poisonous, or of such size that contribution to cattle diet was insignificant.

Only 12 grasses are rated as good forage: pineland threeawn, chalky bluestem, yellowsedge bluestem, creeping bluestem, fineleaf bluestem, goobergrass, common carpetgrass, Elliott lovegrass, coastal lovegrass, delicate panicum, maidencane, and lopside indiangrass. Three species - -pineland threeawn, yellowsedge bluestem, and goobergrass - - are abundant and good forage.

Palatability and relative abundance of species are influenced by length of time since the range was burned. For example, pineland threeawn is eagerly sought by cattle for two or three months after the range is burned; thereafter, palatability declines. When the period of protection from fire extends to two or more years, pineland threeawn is not grazed, or grazed only lightly during periods of limited forage.

The 189 species listed in the checklist are grouped as follows:

grasses (Gramineae)	49	species
grasslikes (Cyperaceae and Juncaceae)	21	species
forbs	97	species
shrubs	20	species
trees	2	species
	189	

**g/** Hilmon, J. B., and Lewis, C. E. Effect of burning on south Florida range. U. S. Forest Serv. Southeast. Forest Expt. Sta. Paper 146, 12 pp. 1962.

The six genera with most species are: Panicum (13 species), Andropogon (7 species), Rhynchospora and Polygala (6 species each), Aristida and Eragrostis (5 species each).

Plants known to occur on the Range, but which have not been collected include :

- 1. Aletris lutea
- 2. Ctenium aromaticum
- 3. Diodia hirsuta
- 4. Heliotropium sp.
- 5. Mariscus jamaicensis
- 6. Paspalum longepedunculatum
- 7. Pontederia lanceolata
- 8. Sagittaria graminea
- 9. Sagittaria lancifolia
- 10. Syngonanthus flavidulus

# **CHECKLIST**

## **PLANTS OF THE**

## CALOOSA EXPERIMENTAL RANGE

#### GRASSES

	GRASSES		
Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum (Schult.) Hitchc. Perennial goobergrass Blue maidencane	Pine-palmetto Wet prairie	Abundant	Good
Andropogon cabanisii Hack. Cabanis bluestem	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Andropogon capillipes Nash Chalky bluestem	Pine -palmetto	Common	Good
Andropogon elliottii Chapm. Elliott <b>blueste</b> m	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Andropogon longiberbis Hack. Hairy bluestem	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Andropogon stolonifer (Nash) Hitchc.  Creeping bluestem	Pine-palmetto	Common	Good
Andropogon subtenuis Nash Fineleaf bluestem	Pine -palmetto	Common	Good
Andropogon virginicus L. Yellowsedge bluestem Broomsedge bluestem	Pine -palmetto	Abundant	Good
Aristida affinis <u>(Schult.</u> ) Kunth Longleaf threeawn	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor
Aristida patula Chapm. ex Nash Tall threeawn	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Aristida purpurascens Poir. Arrowfeather threeawn	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Aristida spiciformis Ell. Bottlebrush threeawn	Pine-palmetto	Abundant	Poor
Aristida stricta Michx. Pineland threeawn	Pine-palmetto Wet prairie	Abundant	Good
Axonopus affinis Chase Common carpetgrass	Pine-palmetto	Common	Good
Axonopus furcatus (Flugge) Hitchc. Big carpetgrass	Pine-palmetto Wet prairie	Common	Fair
Chrysopogon pauciflorus (Chapm. ) Benth. ex Vasey Florida rhaphis	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor



Yellowsedge bluestem

## GRASSES

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Digitaria serotina (Walt. ) Michx. Blanket crabgrass	Fresh-water marsh	Rare	Fair
Digitaria villosa (Walt. ) Pers.  Shaggy fingergrass	Pine -palmetto	Rare	Fair
Elyonurus tripsacoides Humb. and Bonpl. ex Willd. PanAmerican balsamscale	Pine -palmetto	Rare	Fair
Eragrostis acuta Hitchc. Florida lovegrass	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Eragrostis chariis (Schult. ) Hitchc. Thalia lovegrass	Pine -palmetto Fresh-water marsh	Rare	Poor
Eragrostis elliottii S. Wats. Elliott lovegrass	Pine -palmetto	Common	Good
Eragrostis refracta (Muhl.) Scribn.  Coastal lovegrass	Pine-palmetto	Common	Good
Eragrostis stenophylla Hochst.  Slimflower lovegrass	Pine -palmetto Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	Poor
Gymnopogon brevifolius Trin.  Slim skeletongrass	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Leptochloa fascicularis (Lam. ) A. Gray Bearded sprangletop	Fresh-water marsh	Rare	Fair
Manisuris rugosa (Nutt. ) Kuntze Wrinkled jointtail	Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Muhlenbergia capillaris (Lam. ) Trin. Hair-awn muhly	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Common	Poor
Panicum albomarginatum Nash Whiteedge panicum	Pine-palmetto	Common	Fair
Panicum arenicoloides Ashe. Sand panicum	Pine -palmetto	Common	Fair
Panicum chamaelonche Trin. Delicate panicum	Pine-palmetto	Common	Good
Panicum condensum Nash	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Panicum erectifolium Nash Erect panicum	Wet prairie	Common	Fair



Bottlebrush threeawn

## GRASSES

	_		_
Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Panicum hemitomon Schult .  Maidencane	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Good
Panicum hians Ell. Gaping panicum	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Panicum lancearium Trin. Lance panicum	Pine-palmetto	Common	Fair
Panicum longiligulatum Nash	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Panicum neuranthum Griseb.	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Panicum ninetorum Swallen Pine panicum	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Panicum polycaulon Nash Little panicum	Pine -palmetto	Abundant	Fair
Panicum tenerum Beyr. Bluejoint panicum	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie Fresh-water marsh	Common	Fair
Paspalum distichum L. Knotgrass	Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	Poor
Paspalum giganteum Baldw. ex Vasey Giant paspalum	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Pasnalum lentiferum Lam. Cypre ss paspalum	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Paspalum monostachyum Vasey Gulfdune paspalum	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Sacciolepis striata (L. ) Nash American cupscale	Pine -palmetto	Rare	Poor
Setaria geniculata (Lam. ) Beauv. Knotroot bristlegrass	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Sorghastrum secundum (Ell. ) Nash Lopside indiangrass	Pine -palmetto	Common	Good
Sporobolus junceus (Michx. ) Kunth Pineywoods dropseed Blue dropseed	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Fair

#### **GRASSLIKES**

u u	WISSEIRES		
Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Cyperus polystachyos Rottb. var.  texensis (Torr.) Fern.  Flatsedge	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	None
Dichromena colorata (L.) Hitchc. Starrush whitetop-sedge	Wet prairie Fresh-water marsh	Common	Fair
Eleocharis microcarpa Torr. Annual spikesedge	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	None
Fimbristylis drummondii Boeckl. Drummond fringesedge	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Fimbristylis puberula (Michx.) Vahl Pond fringesedge	Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	Poor
Fuirena scirpoidea Michx. Common umbrellagrass	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie Fresh-water marsh	Common	Fair
Fuirena squarrosa Michx. Salt-marsh umbrellagrass	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Juncus marginatus Rostk. Marginal rush	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Juncus megacephalus M. A. Curtis Largeheaded rush	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Kyllinga</u> <u>brevifolia</u> L.  Shortleafed sedge	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Psilocarya nitens (Vahl) Wood Shiny baldrush	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor
Rhynchospora fascicularis (Michx. ) Vahl	Pine-palmetto	Abundant	Poor
Rhynchospora filifolia A. Gray Thread beakrush	Pine-palmetto	Abundant	Poor
Rhynchospora globularis Chapm. var.  recognita Gale Gale's beakrush	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Rhynchospora inundata (Oakes) Fern. Pond beakrush	Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	Poor
Rhynchospora oligantha A. Gray Few-flowered beakrush	Pine -palmetto	Common	Poor
Rhynchospora tracyi Britt. Striped beakrush	Wet prairie Fresh-water marsh	Common	Fair
Scleria ciliata Michx. Fringed razorsedge	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Scleria georgiana Core Little razorsedge	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Abundant	Poor
Scleria muhlenbergii Steud. Annual razorsedge	Pine-palmetto	Common	Fair
Scleria verticillata Muhl. Whorled razorsedge	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Fair

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Asclepias connivens Baldwin ex. Ell.  Milkweed	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Aster concolor L. Uniform-leaf aster	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Aster dumosus L. Bushy aster	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Bacopa caroliniana (Walt. ) Robins.  Carolina waterhyssop	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor
Bacopa monnieri (L.) Pennell Coastal waterhyssop	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Bartonia (Michx. ) Muhl.	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Bigelovia nudata (Michx. ) D. C. Yellowhead	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Common	Fair
Buchnera floridana Gandoger Florida blue-heart	Pine -palmetto	Common	Poor
Calopogon barbatus (Walt. ) Ames Grasspink orchid	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Carphephorus bellidifolius (Michx.) T. & G. Common blazingstar	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Carphephorus corymbosus (Nutt.) T. & G. Wooly blazingstar	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Cassia aspera Muhl. Senna Partridgepea	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Chaptalia tomentosa</u> Vent. Sunbonnet	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Common	Poor
<u>Chrysopsis nervosa</u> (Willd. ) Fern. Goldaster Silkgrass	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Clematis baldwinii T. & G. Baldwin clematis	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Cnidoscolus stimulosus (Michx. ) Engelm. & Gray Risky treadsoftly	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Commelina angustifolia Michx.  Narrowleaf dayflower	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Coreopsis leavenworthii T. & G. Coreopsis Tickweed	Pine-palmetto Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Crotalaria maritima Chapm. Coastplain crotalaria	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Cynoctonum sessilifolium (Walt. )  J. F. Gmel  Miterwort	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Diodia virginiana L. Virginia buttonweed	Wet prairie	Rare	Poor
Drosera capillaris Poir. Pink sundew	Pine -palmetto	Abundant	None
Dyschoriste oblongifolia (Michx.)  Kuntze  Blue twinflower	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Elephantopus tomentosus L.  Devil's-Grandmother  Elephantfoot	Pine -palmetto	Common	Fair
Erigeron vernus (L.) T. & G. Early whitetop fleabane	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Eriocaulon lineare Small Pipewort	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor
Eupatorium recurvans Small Curving eupatorium	Pine -palmetto	Common	Poor
Euphorbia inundata Torr.  Longleaf spurge	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Euphorbia polyphylla Engelm. Pine spurge	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Gerardia filifolia Nutt. Gerardia	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Gnaphalium falcatum Lem. Cudweed	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Gratiola ramosa Walt. Hedgehyssop	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Habenaria quinqueseta (Michx. )  A. Eaton  Spider orchid	Pine-palmetto	Rare	None
Helenium vernale Walt. Sneezeweed	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Hemianthus glomeratus (Chapm. ) Pennell Figwort	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Hymenocallis palmeri S. Wats.  Alligator hymenocallis Spiderlily	Pine-palmetto Wet prairie	Infrequent	Fair
Hypoxis juncea J. E. Smith Goldstargrass	Pine -palmetto	Common	Poor
Hyptis alata (Raf. ) Shinners var. stenophylla Shinners Bushmint	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Lachnocaulon digynum</u> Koern. Hatpin	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Lachnocaulon floridanum Small Florida hairy pipewort Hatpin	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Lechea torreyi Leggett var.  congesta Hodgdon Pinweed	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	None
<u>Liatris garberi</u> A. Gray Gayfeather	Pine -palmetto	Common	Fair
Lindernia crustascea (L. )  F. von Mueller  Crusted falsepimpernel	Pine -palmetto	Rare	Poor
Lindernia grandiflora Nutt.  Creeping falsepimpernel	Fresh-water marsh	Rare	Poor
<u>Linum floridanum</u> (Planch. ) Trel. Florida flax	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Lobelia glandulosa</u> Walt. Glandular lobelia	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Lobelia paludosa Nutt. Marsh lobelia	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Ludwigia curtissii Chapm. Curtis seedbox	Pine-palmetto Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	Poor
Ludwigia suffruticosa Lam. Pond seedbox	Fresh-water marsh	Rare	Poor
<u>Lygodesmia aphylla (Nutt.)</u> D. C. Skeletonplant	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Nymphoides aquatica (Walt. ) Ktze. Floatingheart	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor
Oxypolis filiformis (Walt. ) Britt .  Leafless cowbane	Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	None
Petalostemon carneum Michx. Prairieclover	Pine-palmetto	Rare	Poor
Physostegia denticulata (Ait. ) Britt. Lionsheart	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Pinguicula caerulea Walt. Violet butterwort	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Pinguicula lutea Walt. Yellow butterwort	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Pinguicula pumila Michx. Smallflower butterwort	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	None
Piriqueta glabrescens Small Piriqueta	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Pluchea foetida (L.) D. C. Stinking fleabane	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie Fresh-water marsh	Common	None
Podostigma pedicellata (Walt. ) Vail.  Greenbells	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Polygala baldwinii Nutt .  Baldwin' s polygala  White bachelor's button	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Polygala grandiflora Walt. Purple candyweed	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Polygala incarnata L. Procession flower	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Polygala lutea L. Orange candyweed	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Polygala ramosa Ell. Yellow candyweed	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Polygala setacea Michx. Pale candyweed	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Polypremum procumbens L. Rustweed	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Proserpinaca pectinata Lam.  Combleaf mermaidweed	Fresh-water marsh	Common	Poor
<u>Pterocaulon undulatum (</u> Walt. ) C. Mohr Blackroot	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Common	None
Rhexia cubensis Griseb.  Florida meadowbeauty	Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Rhexia nuttallii James Nuttall's meadowbeauty	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Rotala ramosier (L.) Koehne Rotala	Wet prairie	Rare	Poor
Rudbeckia hirta L. Blackeyedsusan	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Ruellia heteromorpha Fern. Variable ruellia	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Ruellia humilis Nutt . Low ruellia	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Sabatia brevifolia Raf. White rosegentian	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Sabatia grandiflora (A. Gray) Small Grand rosegentian	Wet prairie	Common	Poor
Samolus ebracteata HBK. Water pimpernel	Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Schoenolirion albiflorum (Raf. ) Gates White sunnybell	Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	Poor
Scutellaria avenicola Small	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Sisyrinchium graminoides Bickn. Blue-eyedgrass	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor

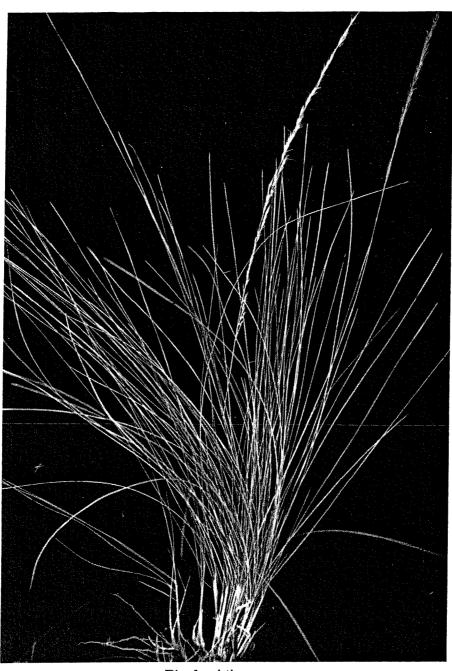
Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Solidago chapmanii T. & G. Chapman goldenrod	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Sophronanthe hispida Benth.  Upland hyssop	Pine -palmetto	Common	None
Soiranthes longilabris Lindl.  Ladiestresses	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Stenandrium floridanum (A. Gray) Small Stenandrium	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Tephrosia spicata (Walt. ) T. & G. Brownhair tephrosia Hoary-pea	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Tradescantia rosea Vent. var.  graminea (Small) Anders. & Woodson Spiderwort	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Trilisa carnosa</u> (Small) Robins.	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Utricularia cornuta</u> Michx. Horned bladderwort	Fresh-water marsh	Common	None
Utricularia resupinata B. D. Greene Turned bladderwort	Fresh-water marsh	Common	None
Vernonia texana (A. Gray) Small Texas ironweed	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Viola lanceolata L. ssp. vittata (Green) Russell Lanceleaf violet	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
Viola septemloba LeConte Sevenlobe violet	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	Poor
<u>Xyris</u> <u>brevifolia</u> Michx. Annual yelloweyedgrass	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	None
Xyris elliottii Chapm. Common yelloweyedgrass	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Common	Poor
Xyris flexuosa var. pallescens Poir. Twisted yelloweyedgrass	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	Fair
Zephyranthes treatiae S. Wats.  Treats zephyrlily	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	None

#### SHRUBS

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Ascyrum tetrapetalum (Lam. ) Vail. St. Andrewscross	Pine -palmetto	Common	None
Asimina reticulata Shuttlw. ex Chapm. Seminoletea pawpaw	Pine -palmetto	Common	Poor
Befaria racemosa Vent. Tarflower befaria	Pine-palmetto	Common	Poor
Cephalanthus occidentalis L. Common buttonbush	Fresh-water marsh	Rare	None
Chrysobalanus oblongifolius Michx. Gopherapple	Pine-palmetto	Common	None
Hypericum brachyphyllum (Spach) Steud. Pineland St. Johnswort	Pine-palmetto	Common	None
Hypericum fasciculatum Lam. Sandbush St. Johnswort	Fresh-water marsh	Common	None
Hypericum myrtifolium Lam.  Polebark St. Johnswort	Fresh-water marsh	Infrequent	None
Hypericum opacum T. & G. Single-stem St. Johnswort	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	None
Ilex <b>glabra (L.</b> ) A. Gray <b>Inkberry</b> Gallberry	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	None
Lyonia fruticosa (Michx.) G. S. Torr. Lyonia Fetterbush	Pine-palmetto	Common	None
Myrica cerifera L. Southern waxmyrtle	Pine -palmetto Wet prairie	Infrequent	Poor
Myrica pusilla Raf.  Dwarf waxmyrtle	Pine -palmetto	Common	None
Pycnothymus <b>rigidus</b> (Bartr. <b>)</b> Small Pennyroyal	Pine-palmetto	Common	Fair
Quercus minima (Sarg.) Small Runner oak Dwarf live oak	Pine-palmetto	Common	None
Quercus myrtifolia Willd.  Myrtle oak	Pine -palmetto	Rare	None
Serenoa repens (Bartr.) Small Saw-palmetto	Pine-palmetto	Abundant	Poor
Stillingia aquatica Chapm.  Corkwood stillingia	Fresh-water marsh	Common	None
Stillingia sylvatica L. Queensdelight stillingia	Pine-palmetto	Infrequent	None
Vaccinium myr sinite s Lam. Ground blueberry Huckleberry	Pine-palmetto	Common	None

TREES

Botanical and common name	Plant community	Occurrence	Forage value
Pinus elliottii Engelm. var. densa Little & Dorman South Florida slash pine	Pine-palmetto	Common	None
Sabal palmetto (Walt. ) Lodd. Cabbage palmetto	Pine -palmetto	Infrequent	None



Pineland threeawn